Dominge.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 2 .- The folwith a message, in which he says in substance that had the subject received fair treatment when the last treaty was re- Able Expose of Southern Radical jected, he would not have asked its further consideration; but believing it not to have been fairly presented to the the Judiciary Committee to bring in a country, and the question having become | Ku Klux bill, was taken up. ated with charges and insinuations foreign to its merits, he desired a full investigation at the hands of Congress, which had been had, with results punish violators of State law. This danvindicating the correctness of his public policy and disavowing the charges of improper action in negotiations. He does not ask for action now, but transmits the report for the information of Congress and the country, still adhering to his opinion of the desirability of annexation, but with no further recommendations to make, confident if the country desires this object to be accomplished, Congress, in the exercise of its constitutional duty, will indicate the desire by advising that the treaty be made. He does not, by any means, abandon his own views, but leaves the responsibility of further action upon Congress, and repeats his original declaration that he has no policy to enforce against the will of the people. Wade's Report Cooked beyond Re-

cognition-Sumner May Get Howe to Make a Minority Report. New York, April 3 .- The Times has a special Washington dispatch in regard to the President and the San Domingo report, substantially as telegraphed to Gov. Hawley. There is no certainty apparently of the time when the report will be sent in or even handed to the President. There have been so many amendments made that the whole complexion of Wade's original report is changed. There is considerable doubt as to the course the report will pursue, and various hints indicate that there may be more than one. Howe is still the guest of Sumner, while Wade remains at the house of Chandler, where he has been several days. White has departments at a hotel. The High Commission-An Early Adjustment Looked For. !

A Tribune Washington correspondent telegraphs the probable termination of the work of the joint High Commission about the last of the present month, and says there is still a wide spread impression that the result of the Commissioners' labor will be a treaty which on the part of England will be operative the day it is discharged them on account of politics. as its representatives have r power; but on the part of the United States Senator Pool and Judge Read. States the Senate will have to confirm the treaty. It is thought the treaty will contain a clause for the appointment of a joint commission to adjudicate the Alabama claims under conditions to be decided by the present Commission, and the present body will name the persons to have the settlement of cases. The term of the last named officers will be very long, as it will require years to settle them on any basis which can be established. As it seems probable the Senate will adjourn before the last of this month, the President will call an extra session in order to consider the treaty before next December, and enable the settlement to be begun as soon as possible. Memphis Jerusalem Smith.

Washington, April 3.—The nomina-tion of Wm. J. Smith as Surveyor of Customs at Memphis, Tenn., was sent to the Senate to-day.

Postmaster for Murfreesboro. Senate Confirmed J. G. Booker Postmaster at Murfreesboro, Tenn.

CONNECTICUT.

Jewell Probably Elected-Bemo New Haven, Conn., April 3 .- In New Haven, Jewell, Republican, for Governor gains 391 on the vote of last year. Twenty-one towns in New Haven county show a gain of 831 for Jewell over last year. Jewell is probably elected. Kendrick, Democrat, for Congress from the second district, is probably elected by a small majority.

Later-The Congressional Belega. tion Two and Two.

One hundred and seven towns give net gain for Jewell of 986 over last year. Strong, Republican, is elected to Congress in the 1st district, Starkweather, a Republican in the 3d district; Kendrick, Democrat, is probably elected to Congress in the 2d, and Barnum, Democrat, in the 4th district. The State is very close. The Latest.

HARTFORD, Ct., April S .- Returns are received of all but twelve towns, which, estimated at last year's vote, give Jewell's majority eighty. Keliogg is elected to Congress by fiftythree majority.

OHIO.

Cincinnati Election-Republican Loss.

CINCINNATI, April 8.—Davis, Republi can, is elected Mayor by a little under 2,000 majority. The returns of twenty wards show a Republican loss of 582. The entire Republican city ticket is

Throughout the State. The town elections of Ohio, as far as

reported, show little change in most towns. The temperance question entered largely into the contest in some places. The Democratic loss on Mayor's vote in President. Cleveland is over four thousand since 1869. Democratic gains at other points are reported. The Republicans elected the Mayor of Evansville by eight hundred majority.

MICHIGAN. nent for that purpose.

The State Election-Woman Suffrage.

Detroit, Mich., April 3.—Very little and cover its authors and supporters with interest is taken in the election. The Re-publican State ticket is elected, but the Mr. Bright approved the bill.

returns are too meagre to give any figures. The Democrats have about 150 majority Mrs. H. B. Gardner voted in the ninth ward, Detroit, and Mary Wilson voted at Battle Creek.

ANNAPOLIS.

Twelve Majority. Annapolis, Mo., April 3 .- The Republicans elected their Mayor to-day by 12

ST. LOUIS.

The Election Outlook Sr. Louis, April 3.-The Democrats claim the election to morrow by 2,000 majority, while the Republicans claim 1,000 majority.

A high wind at Louisville, Sunday night, aid considerable damage in the lower part of the city, uprooting trees and unroofing several houses. No person cents per keg in addition to that ordered and failing health of the Cardinal are poned his abdication, and will wait to see was injured.

ESTABLISHED MARCH 30, 1835.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Washington, April 3.—Mr. Rice instroduced a bill to incorporate the Red River Raft Company. Referred to the nmittee on Commerce. Also a bill to fix the time for holding the terms of the Juited States District Courts in Arkansas. Mr. Pool introduced a bill to create a Western Judicial District in North Caro-

Public Lands Closed to Colonists, Mr. Stewart offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to inform the Senate under what laws individuals and corporations are allowed to hold l wing dispatch is received here by ex-large bodies of the public land, closing dov. Hawley from Washington: them to settlement. Mr. Stewart stated The President will accompany the that with the exception of a mere fractransmission of the San Domingo Com- tion, almost the entire public domains missioners' report to Congress rext week | which had been given away had gone for the aggrandisement of wealthy private individuals and corporations.

ism by Frank Blair. Mr. Sherman's resolution, instructing

Mr. Blair argued that the measure i was now proposed to pass was an as-sumption of the power of Congress to gerous power may, and doubtless will be, exercised at some future day, by some other party, upon the wealthy communi-ties in the North. The system of government under which the South is ruled is a disgrace to our age. This carpetbag system is perfectly infamous, by which strangers, adventurers, men of no character, are ruling over a people whose ancestors made their States what they are. It is to the interest of the people of those States to repress disorders, because they own the property and pay the taxes. But it is to the interest of these carpetbaggers to manufacture and magnify them, because upon that they fatten. These stories of outrages in North Carolina, which had been detailed before a mittee with closed doors, with no op portunity for refutation, were the utternces of men who wouldn't be believed by any one. In his message to the Legislature Gov. Holden said expressly.

that no disorders existed in North Caro-Alluding to the reconstruction ac's, Mr. Blair said that whenever the Supreme Court had any opportunity to pass upon any question connected with them it had invariably pronounced them unconstitutional, and Congress, knowing they were unconstitutional, passed an act to prevent the Supreme Court from deciding directly

upon its reconstruction measures. Reiterating his Broadhead letter, he said he believed the President having taken an oath to support the constitution should stand to that oath, whether against Congress or individuals. Congress violating the constitution was no more than a mob. If the army was withdrawn, the infamous carpet-bag governments would

fall of themselves. He referred to the address issued du ring the political canvass of 1868 to the negroes of North Carolina, advising them to burn the barns of people who and which had been written by The testimony of a negro before the committee showed that negroes had confessed that they were instigated to bare ourning by Gov. Holden and pardoned when convicted. It has been indispu a bly proven that the origin of the Loyal Leagues in the South was for the purpose of compelling negroes to vote the Radical ticket. Corruption, fraud and vilsainy reigned supreme in the North and South Carolinas. The people were dundered of their substance by an army of carpet-baggers. The debts of the States had been enormously increased, etc. He quoted from Republican papers of South Carolina severely commenting

on the venality of the Legislature, and also from the remarks of Gov. Scott. One of the greatest curses afflicting South Carolina was the horde of un scrupulous adventurers from the North coming down there for purposes of blunder. Of the South Carolina Legisature but thirteen were white and the remainder all blacks; but nineteen could read and write grammatically.

The debts of other Southern States have been enormously increased under Radical rule. He knew Gov. Warmouth, of Louisians, well. Warmouth went from Missouri ragged and naked, without ioney to pay for his breakfast. Now he lives in a palace and rolls in wealth, and he (Blair) was informed never signed a bill without a price.

The Radicals had kept Yerger's case

out of the Supreme Court, because the econstruction acts, under which he was mmitted would be declared unconstituional. They thus confessed these acts unconstitutional. Yet without them they would be in a minority of a minority. Without concluding, Blair gave way, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The Ku-Klux Debate the Ku Klux bill. It was agreed that general debate shall continue to-day and to morrow, with evening sessions, and Wednesday forenoon the House to consider the bill under the ten minutes' rule, and the amendments to be decided as in committee of the whole.

Mr. Shanks, of Indiana, said the late war had decided that the national Government was superior to State goveraments. The design of the opponents of this bill was to get control of the South ern States for political purposes.

Mr. Buckley, of Alabama, said bund dreds of thousands of peaceable citizens of Alabama would welcome any measure tending to bring peace and order out of lawlessness and relieve them from terrible apprehensions of injury to persons and property.

Mr. Kinsella, of New York, thought the people of the South should be left to manage their own affairs. Vari Trump argued especially against that portion of the bill proposing suspend the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus at the pleasure of the

Mr. Ellis, of New York, said if, as Jeff Davis had just proclaimed at Selma, State sovereignty is to triumph, the Empire State demands protection for her citizens maltreated in Alabama and Virginia, and claims the aid of the National Govern-Mr. Biggs said this bill would become as hateful as the Alien and Sedition Law,

The House took a recess.

At the evening session Messrs Duke, of Virginia, Winchester and McHenry, of

Kentucky, and Vaughan, of Tennessee, spoke against the bill, and McKee, of Mississippi, and Beatty advocated it. The House adjourned.

NEW YORK.

was made to day to rob the Central Bank | have been concluded satisfactorily, and it Savings Bank. Three men entered the is aunounced that the Grand Duchy will bank, and after locking the front door, in future form a part of the German bound and gagged the paying teller, Mr. | Empire. Ellison, and proceeded to rifle the safes. Br. Hadden, one of the Directors, finding the door locked, broke it open, when the burglars fled through the rear and es-

Another Advance on Nails. The nail manufactories of the United States have determined to raise prices 25 a month ago.

FOREIGN NEWS Paris Again the Seat of War WHOLESALE Valerien Opens on the Rebels

Who are Driven back with Loss NASHVILLE, HAVE RECEIVED THEIR SPRING STOCK, TO WHICH THEY INVITE THE ATTENTION of the TRADE. McMahon Leads Thiers' Forces

LuxemburgCeded toGermany Victoria Visits Chiselhurst

FRANCE.

Jaris Threatened with Famine London, April 1 .- Advices from Paris state that the city is threatened with the horrors of another famine. Provisions are already becoming very scarce, and the supply at present is exceedingly lim-

The city is now entirely without gas, and the streets are nightly enshrouded in

London, April 2.-Dispatches from Paris have been received, stating that the Bourse has been seized under orders from the Commune, and the issuing of assignats, or paper currency, will be at The Bank of France.

The Nationals have occupied the building of the Credit Financier. The party of order still hold possession of the Bank of France, the bank, however, to save itself from being plundered, has advanced three million of francs to the insurgents. The organization and equipment of marching battalions in Paris is actively going on. The army of Versailles has occupied St. Cloud and the line, of the

McMahon in the Field. VERSAILLES, April 2, 3 P. M .- The army of Versailles is composed of vet-erans under McMahon, and it is claimed will number 50,000. The greatest activity prevails in military circles here, and the army is being daily increased by fresh acquisitions of returned prisoners.

Civil War Begun. Paris, April 2, M .- The Journal des Debats reports a collision at the bridge at Sevres with Ducrat's men, and adds that the battalions of the command were on the alert last night, fearing an attack. There were 10,000 men in the Bois de Boulogne, and a large number bivouacked in the Champ Elysees. The gates at Malilot. Antul and Pont du Jour were closed. The Sociale, a new evening journal, has proposed the abolition of the inherit ance of property, and the Cri du Peuple pproves the measures.

VERSAILLES, April 2 .- Seenits, with nine hundred men, has defeated the insurgents at Narbonne and captured their Marseilles has recognized the regular

Bismarck's Ultimatum. London, April 2.-Bismarck has in formed Thiers that, unless the indemnity is paid before the 15th inst., eighty thous d Germans will enter Paris to su the revolution, and will remain until the

money is all paid. Berlin, April 2 .- An official announce ment has been made by Chanceller Von Bismarck that Germany will not inter-fere between the Provisional Government of France and the insurgents, so long as the interests of Germany are not endan-

Fort Valerien Opens on the Insur gents—The Latter Driven within the Walls, with a Loss of 200 Men Paris, Sunday evening April 2, via. ONDON, 6 A. M., April 3 .- Fighting has een going on since yesterday evening at various points in the Piace de LaConcorde. Tais morning cannonading was listinctly audible in the direction of Neuilly. The fortress on Mt. Valerien opened upon the columns of the Nationals which were marching on Courlebois and cept up a continuous fire for severa nours to prevent them from establishing

hemselves in position there. The Nationals were finally compelled to retreat after suffering considerable loss. A special to the London Times says the ighting at Courleboic was sharp. Reports are conflicting as to what side fired first. The Nationals were at first driven into Courleboie, where they maintained hemselves for a time protected by the ouses. They were at last shelled out by the Valeriens and fell back to the ridge at Neuilly, where they kept up a hot fusilade. From this point they were again forced to retire, and finally withlrew into the city and shut the gates. The Versailles troops didn't attempt to follow. An estimate, probably exaggerated, puts the loss of the National

Guards at 200. The Government troops that their prisoners as rebels. There is popular indignation against Versailles. Regulars Fraternizing.

Other special dispatches report that the 74th regiment of the line came to Paris Saturday and fraternized with the Na-

The Peace Conference Adjourns. BEUSSELS, April 1 .- The Peace Conerence has concluded its sittings. Special lelegates have been appointed for the purose of decisively settling the question of he boundary line between France and Prussia, and also of deciding the commercial and other questions now at issue between the two countries.

LONDON, April 8 .- A dispatch from Brussels, says the second sitting of the Peace Conference was held to-day.

The Commune Indicts the Thiers Regime and Confiscate Their Pro-

London, April 3, 10 P. M .- The Paris Commune has issued a decree arraigning Thiers, Favre, Picard, Duffaur, Simon and Porthuan before the tribunal of the people, and ordering their properties to e seized. Another decree pronounces them hold State as well as Federal office, the separation of Church and State, suppresses religious bodies, and abolishes

Victoria Visits Chischurst, London, 6:30 A. M., April 3.—Queen Victoria visits Napoleon at Chiselhurst

GERMANY.

The Emperor's Response to the Reichstag.

Berlin, April 3.—The Emperor Wiliam in replying to the congratulatory address voted by the Reichstag, thanks that body for its loyalty and devotion, praises the heroism of the German soldiers, and points to the visible guidance of God in the recent war. He expresses a belief that German nationality in Alsace and Loraine has been merely defaced and not destroyed, during the compulsory union of those provinces with France. The Emperor concludes as follows: "Being an old man, I merely lay the foundation of an empire which my successor must com-

LUXEMBOURG

Ceded to Germany. New York, April 3.—Adaring attempt

Ceded to Germany.

Berlin, April 2.—Negotiations for the cession of Luxembourg to Germany

ITALY.

Cardinal Antonelli to Resign. ROME, April 1 .- The resignation of His Reverence, Cardinal Antonelli, Secretary of State and President of the Ministerial Council, is considered probable. The age stated to be the cause of this step.

NASHVILLE, TENN., TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1871.

Ewing & McClaugherty.

TENNESSEE.



AGE S DIEBOLD & KIENZLE'S FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES. Buffalo Scale Works Co.

HEADQUARTERS for BURDEN'S HORSE AND MUL SHOES " Ausable Horse Nails, " Boynton's Lightning Saws.

HAYTI.

unexation- The Hornet-President Baez Supposed Killed in Battle. Kineston, April 3.—Advices from Hayti to the 1st inst. announce that there is much feeling against the President because his secretary favors annexation.

The President's life is threatened. Some Haytien merchants have pur chased the steamer Hornet, and the crew has gone to New York. Capt. Hudson and his mate, disgusted with the inefficiency of the leaders of the expedition, have also gone to New York. The Government being considered un-stable, gold has advanced suddenly from 200 to 450.

There were several engagements recenty on the Dominican frontiers. In one of these a General, supposed to be Baez, A duel was fought at Port-au-Prince between a Dominican and a son of the

Minister of Finance, in which the latter The country is ripe for revolution.

THE WEATHER. As Dispensed to Us by the Govern-

ment. Washington, April 3, 7:30 P. M.—The ynopsis of the past 24 hours is as folws: The area of low pressure which was, on Sunday evening, over Lake Michigan, is now over Lake Ontario. The pressure has varied slightly, and is now somewhat higher in the Southwest. It has risen in the extreme Northwest and is now falling. Clear and clearing weather now prevails from the Gulf t the upper lakes. Brisk and high winds

rainy weather prevailed on Lake Ontario and in the Middle States. It is probable that gentle winds with partially cloudy weather will on Tuesday be experienced, from Pennsylvania west and south to the Mississippi Valley, and a falling barometer with threatening and rainy weather in New York and the Eastern States.

have been experienced from the Missouri

river to Lake Huton. Threats

MEMPHIS.

Railroad Accident on the Louisville Branch-Two Sleeping Cars Rolled down an Embankment-One Person Killed and Fifteen Injured-Wonderful Escape.

MEMPHIS, April 3 .- The express train from Louisville for Memphis and New Orleans run over a cow at Cumberland Station at half-past four this morning throwing four cars including two sleeping cars off, turning them over, down an embankment fifteen feet. The master bridge builder was killed and some fifteen passengers wounded. Mr. Rogers and wife of New Orleans, and a German from Clarksville were severely injured. Mrs. Rogers had to be left at the station. Had the cars run off on the other side they would have gone down an embankment of forty feet into the Cumberland river.

OMAHA.

The Sad End of Ab-Sin. Омана, April 3.—At Black Foot Mont s miner, John Mortell, shot and killed a Chinamen named An-Sin. The difficulty was about water. A detachment of Ch nese chased Mortell into town, firing at him thirty or forty times without effect. Mortell and a dozen Chinamen were ar-

rested. SAN FRANCISCO. An Annual Shake.

SAN FRANISCO, April 3 .- An carthquake was last evening felt generally through the middle of the State. Not the slightest lamage anywhere. It was exactly a year since the last shock.

MISSISSIPPI.

One Hundred and Seventy Persons Killed by Negroes within Two

MEMPHIS, April 2,-The Appeal's Jack-

son Miss., special says: "Perfect order and quiet reign throughout the State. Disorders have only occurred in three or four counties along the Alabama line, and there people were fear; fully plundered by the School Tax Commissioners, who robbed them without mercy. No Federal officer has ever encountered resistance or indignity in the discharge of his official duties. All of and in the latter capacity, they have met

resistance as stated. "In two years, in all sorts of riots and rows, about one hundred and seventy people have been killed by negroes in Mississippi. The Governor will publish a list of these accidents and incidents in a few days. He has before him accurate tables of statistics of Mississippi murders. When the amiable Ames reads them, he will contess that he has been duped by lying scoundrels who furnished the facts on which he (Ames) based his absurd little speech a few days ago in the United States Senate."

HORRIBLE MURDER A Young Married White Woman

Beaten to Death with a Hatchet

The Murderer at Large but Hotly Pursued by the Citizens.

From the Jackson, (Tenn.) Telegraph, March 31.

We learn from conductor Williamson as we go to press, that a white lady, of high social position, who had been marlast, by a black fiend, who entered the house in her husband's absence. He returned just in time to see the d—l escape, not suspecting anything wrong he passed into his wife's room and found her, like poor Mrs. Van Heok, weltering in her blood. The murderer in the meantime had made his escape. The whole country is in pursuit and ere this reaches our pike, near the Hermitage church, and running south, was read and the petition readers we hope that he will be captured and quartered.

King Charles of Roumania has postif the elections go to suit him.

TAVIDSON COUNTY COURT.

Quarterly Term. Reports-Railroad Commissioners Finances - Suspension Bridge -

Paupers, etc. , etc. The court was called to order yesterday morning at ten o'clock, Judge Turner in the chair. On a call of the roll, forty-six agistrates were found to be present. The minutes of the last meeting were

then read and approved.

The Judge stated that at the last term of the court there had been a great deal of disorder and he had therefore requested Mr. Norvell to act as an assistant officer to wait on the court. The motion being put to the court, was lost. The Courthouse Committee presented a

report, stating that soon after the January term, they had employed James William son as Janitor, and recommended that his salary be fixed at \$75 a month. 'Squire Mescham thought that this sub-ject should be postponed, so that some action should be taken to do away with the porters, who, altogether, were now receiv-ing \$5 or \$6 a day for doing nothing, ex-cept to open and shut the doors,

Squire Meacham moved that the report be received, and its adoption postponed for the present Squire Paul moved that the committee's report be received and adopted, and Squire

Paul's motion carried. Squire Wand presented the finance ac-counts, amounting to \$3,132 82. The items were read and the accounts allowed. Other accounts were laid on the table for the present. Squire Wilkinson and other Magistrates on the committee on pesthouse presented a

r eport, staling that since last report two small-pox patients had been adm that there were no small-pox patients remaining in the posthouse at present. The agreement made by the pesthouse committee to pay Dr. Wilkinson ten dollars a day for treatment of patients was read, and Squire Maxey moved to non-concur. Squire Wilkinson stated that Dr. Wilkinson desired to be released from the con-

Squire Neylan moved that Dr. Wilkinson be allowed the same amount for his services as was paid last year, namely ten dollars a day. Squire Neylan's motion carried almost unanimously.

A short intermission was taken in order

to pass around two baskets of fine apples presented by Mr. John B. Corley, of the 'Squire Taylor presented a verbal report n regard to the County Asylum, and staed that it was in good condition, and also that about seventy patients were present. The Finance Committee presented a lengthy report, stating that the Com-mittee had undertaken the laborious task of making proper settlements with retired county officers from the year 1840 to the present time, but owing to the great labor quired, the Committee could not make a detailed report as to this matter. The Committee also requested the court to allow the Committee a competent clerk.
The report was received and filed. The School Committee reported that there were 107 schools in operation in the county, 63 being in the country districts.

Several other schools will probably be

started early in April. The Committe

referred to the tabular statement, filed at the February term, for statistical informa-The Commissionere of Public Roads reported that they had examined all the ampike roads north of the Cumberland, and found all of them in pretty fair condi tion, except the Brick church pike and White's creek pike, which were found in a most miserable condition. The Commissioners ordered the gates on these roads thrown open till the law was complied with in regard to public roads. A bill was filed in the Chancery Court, enjoining the action of the County Court, and Chancellor East granted the injunction, "arrogating to himself a power that is only granted by a recent decision of the Supreme Court to a Constitution

al Convention. We submit with all respect, if the actions of this court are to be enjoined by the Chancellor, the County ourt is a nullity. Squire Maxey offered an additional report, supplementary to the report of the Purnpike Road Commissioners, stating that no reflection upon Chancellor Eas

was intended. The above reports were received and The Railroad Commissioners elected at the February term, made a lengthy report, fore been published. They report that they have examined the reports of the Tennessee and Pacific Railroad and the Edgefield and Kentucky Railroad, and state also that they cast the vote of the county, at the elections held by those roads. The committee further report that there is great necessity for an early investigation and examination of the conduct and man-agement of the Nashville and Northwestern, the Nashville and Decatur, and the Louisville and Nashville railroads, so far as the interest of the county is concerned. The Commissioners also rep red that they had elected a Secretary and Treasurer, to take

the place of Judge Whitworth. 'Squire Meacham remarked that the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company had spent from \$140,000 to \$200,000 of the money of Davidson county, without ever having consulted the county, or ask-ing any questions, and this money had continue his work at his distillery; but also been spent illegally and unlawfully. These things ought to be investigated. The report of the Railroad Commissioners was upon the distiller, but he will be regarded

The committee, to whom was referred the subject of excessive toll charged by the Broad street Suspension Bridge Company, reported that they had examined the char-ter of said company and found that the company was not charging more toll than they were authorized by their charter to

The petition of Stokeley Donelson and others to close an old road located in the 4th district, commencing at the Lebanon

granted. On motion the assessors' books were received, and Wednesday morning was fixed as the time when the Court would equalize the assessments. Adjourned till 10 o'clock this morning.

Evans, Fite, Porter & Co.,

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Sec. 2

CLOTHIERS.

IMPORTANT TO DISTILLERS.

Distillers' Bonds, Notices, Special The following important notice to distillers, either those who propose continuing or quitting the business, was received at the Assessor's office in this city yesterday, twenty-one sambers of the committee from J. W. Douglas, Deputy United States Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner in order to orevent confusion and delay in the operations of distillers desiring to continue or commence business after April 30, 1871, asks strict compliance with the subjoined, which we are assured

will be rigidly enforced. Those interested

will act accordingly:

Distillers should understand, that with the last day of April their rights as distillers cease, and those intending to then dis-continue distilling, must so arrange their business as to terminate all work at their listilleries on the last day of April, and ed to report, as a separate committee beer on hand to be distilled in the first days of May. This office cannot do otherwise in such cases than to treat the parties as illicit distillers. Distillers intending to discontinue business should on the 30th day of April register their stills as not for use. A distiller desiring to continue his business, can only do so legally by giving his notice, Form 27, and executing his bond on the first day of May, in compliance with the requirements of said Section 7. Such distiller should have his bond complete and ready for exeention, with his notice, Form 27, prepared of May to enable him to make the necess ry investigations by that day, so that he may, on the first day of May, when the bond is executed, approve or disapprove such bond. When the bond is approved where the bond is disapproved, the mere

fact of having pre-ented it confers no right as having failed to give bond as required by said section, and must cease all work at his distillery. The Assessor, in approving the bonds, should endorse his approval thereon, giving the date of such approval, and sign his name thereto officially. The fact that the distiller may fail to renew his bond, or that the bond offered by him hav not be approved, does not require the withdrawal of the spirits that he may have acquired the right under the laws to have his spirits remain in bond according to the condition of his warehousing bond, which is, that the tax shall be paid thereon be-fore removal from such distillery ware-

of such bond. A Baptist Church, with sixteen members, has lately been organized in Mary- societies, from which many and permanent

house, and within one year from the date

70 Public Square, Nashville, Tenn. ;marte dawer

THE GERMAN CELEBRATION. Proceedings of the Central Com-The Central Committee appointed to

make arrangements for the Peace Celebra-tion, met at Turner Hall on Sunday mornwere found present. A subscription list was opened, before roceeding to business, and \$147 was collected in a few moments. The Central Committee then organized by electing the

ollowing officers: President-Charles Nelson. Secretary-P. R. Albert. Treasurer-H. Meiz. thorized to solicit contributions from the German citizens of Nashville and vicinity, On motion of Mr. Ruhm, the Chairmen of the different committees were request-

not, as has been so frequently done, have charges for admission to the various places beer on hand to be distilled in the first of amusement on the day of celebration. The Committee unanimously reported as follows: To the picnic, to be held at the Hortialtural Garden, all persons participating

in the procession-Free. Ladies and children-Free. All others-50 cents. To the Balls-Gentlemen's ticket-50

The report was adopted. Mr. C. C. Giers was elected Grand Marhal of the Day, to act in conjunction with the Procession Committee.
On motion, the Invitation Committee, osisting of Messra Rohm, Giers and Haffman, were ordered to publish 1,000 copies of a daily paper to be called the "Fest Zeitung." The publication of this paper commenced yesterday and will be continued until the 12th inst. A resolution was adopted requesting the ferman ladies of the city and vicinity to neet at Turner Hall at 3 o'clock this evening, with the Central Committee, for the purpose of procuring their assistance in preparing suitable decorations and devices o be used in the procession. The committee then adjourned to meet

St. George's Society. The St. George's Society held a general meeting last night, at which there was a large attendance. It was decided to hold a grand picnic at Priestly Springs on the a grand picnic at Priestly Springs on the
24th inst., in celebration of St. George's
day, details and particulars of which will
be published shortly. A first with the problem of the Revenue
be published shortly. A first with the report of the Revenue
Collector, showing collections of \$72.30.
He also submitted a report from the Re 24th inst., in celebration of St. George's be published shortly. A fine time may be

at the same place to-night at 74 o'clock,

when the various committees will make

Immigration. Agents of the Tennessee Immigration association have just returned from trips through the counties of Franklin, Grundy and Marion, meeting the most encouraging success. The people are alive to the importance of the work. The first men, we learn, of each of those counties have taken hold and organized subordinate

good results are expected to accrue.

CLOTHIER.

Removed from opposite the Maxwell House to BROWNE'S BLOCK. 34 North Summer street, near Union, where he is offering a most desirable stock of

FINE

CLOTHING

Children's Wear.

New Styles in Spring Overcoats Copper and Sheet Iron Workers, and General Repairers.

> WINTER WEAR AT LOW PRICES OUR SPECIALTIES.

TRUE FIT SHIRTS!

Patent Pantaloon Drawers.

THE LAPORTE KID GLOVE. The Russian Brace!

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Now is the time to leave your measure for Fip Dress, Business and

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BOYS' SHIRTS and DRAWERS, HUNTINGTON'S

The New Cheviot Shirting

NEAR UNION.

No. 34 North Summer Street.

108 THE HAIR! Burnett's Cocoaine Prevents the Hair from Falling.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE Remains Longost in Effect. Burnett's Cocoaine Softens Harsh Hair,

BURNETT'S COCOAINE Reeps it Free from Scurf.

Burnett's Cocoaine Improves its Texture. BURNETT'S COCOAINE

Promotes its Healthy Growth,

Burnett's Cocoaine Is not Greasy or Sticky. BURNETT'S COCOAINE

Leaves no Disagrecable Odor. Burnett's Cocoaine Is an Invariable Remedy for

No Other Compound ossesses the peculiar properties which so exactly It is the BEST and CHEAPEST Hair-I ressing in the world. Wholesale by

EWIN, PENDLETON & CO.

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DEMOVILLE & CO.,

LOSS OF HAIR,

Also, for sale by all Druggists.

spr4 coTues sp 1p3mawe3dw The Weller House. We take pleasure in commending the Weller House, 48 South Cherry street, to those desiring to obtain board in the city, as first class in every particular. The sit-uation is on one of the most pleasant streets; is centrally located, being near the Maxwell House, and street cars pass the door every ten or fifteen minutes.

The guests of the house enjoy the best edibles the market affords, and served in a

style that can but satisfy the most fastid-

ions. We bespeak for the energetic and

polite management the large patronage that is justly merited by the endeavor to

rate, and make guests feel entirely at home at the Weller House. EDGEFIELD.

Recting of the Hoard of Mayor and The regular meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of Edgefield was held last night, Mayor Glenn in the chair, and all the Aidermen present.

The Mayor gave notice to the members of the Board that Mr. Searight, the Treasurer of the Board of Education, had received

another \$1,000 from Dr. Sears, the agent of the Peabody Fund, and congratulated the Board on the financial condition of the schools of Edgefi-ld. Ald. Marks, from the Finance Commit-

corder, showing collections of 68.65. The Treasurer presented a report show-ing a balance on hand of \$217.34. Ald. Lesseur, from Street Committee, reported \$14.75 expended on the street dince last meeting.
Under the head of unfinished business, Ald. Jenkins called up the bill providing

for the re-organization of the public schools. The bill was read section by section, and after the introduction of sun dry amendments, was adopted as a whole on its third reading. After which the Board adjourned